| Application No: | A.17-03-XXX |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Exhibit No.: | |
| Witness: | S. Chaudhury |

Application of Southern California Gas Company (U 904 G) and San Diego Gas & Electric Company (U 902 G) for (A) Approval of the Forecasted Revenue Requirement Associated with Certain Pipeline Safety Enhancement Plan Projects and Associated Rate Recovery, and (B) Authority to Modify and Create Certain Balancing Accounts

Application 17-03-____ (Filed on March 30, 2017)

CHAPTER VI

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

SHARIM CHAUDHURY

ON BEHALF OF

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY

AND

SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

March 30, 2017

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I. PURPOSE AND OVERVIEW OF TESTIMONY

The purpose of my direct testimony on behalf of San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) and Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas or SCG) is to provide illustrative gas transportation rate impacts for 2019 based on the forecasted revenue requirement resulting from the capital and operations and maintenance (O&M) cost forecasts of the in-scope Pipeline Safety Enhancement Plan (PSEP) Phase 1B and Phase 2 projects proposed in this Application.

II. PSEP COST ALLOCATION METHOD

Per Decision (D).14-06-007, Pipeline Safety Enhancement Plan (PSEP) costs are to be allocated consistent with the existing cost allocation and rate design for SoCalGas and SDG&E, and include allocation to the backbone function.¹ D.16-12-063 clarified that the PSEP costs functionalized as high pressure distribution shall be allocated using the existing marginal demand measures for high pressure distribution costs.² As such, SoCalGas and SDG&E are proposing to allocate the requested PSEP forecast revenue requirement (described below) on a functional basis consistent with D.16-12-063. Table 1 depicts the method of allocating the PSEP forecasted revenue requirement to each function, and to rate classes.

| TABLE 1 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Existing Functional Allocation Methods | | | |
| Function | SoCalGas | SDG&E | |
| Backbone Transmission | 100% to the SCG/SDG&E Backbone | 100% to the SCG/SDG&E Backbone | |
| | Transmission Service Rate | Transmission Service Rate | |
| Local Transmission | Based on Peak Month Demand by | Based on Peak Month Demand by | |
| | Class on Local Transmission | Class on Local Transmission | |
| | System. | System. | |
| High Pressure | Based on Peak Month Demand by | Based on Peak Day Demand by | |
| Distribution | Class on High Pressure System. | Class on High Pressure System. | |

¹ D.14-06-007 authorized the allocation of safety related costs. D.14-06-007, mimeo., at 61 (Ordering Paragraph 9). In addition, backbone transmission service allocation was ordered. D.14-06-007, mimeo., at 50

² D.16-12-063, mimeo., at 59 (Conclusion of Law 24).

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III. PSEP FORECASTED REVENUE REQUIREMENT TO BE RECOVERED IN TRANSPORTATION RATES

The derivation of PSEP forecasted revenue requirements is described in the Prepared Direct Testimony of Karen Chan (Chapter IV). In this application, SoCalGas forecasted a PSEP-related revenue requirement of \$45.1 million, without franchise fees and uncollectibles (FF&U), to be amortized in January 1, 2019 rates.³ This amount consists of O&M expenses and the annualized revenue requirements resulting from capitalized costs.

IV. ALLOCATION OF PSEP FORECAST REVENUE REQUIREMENT TO FUNCTIONS

The first step in allocating the 2019 PSEP forecasted revenue requirement to transportation rates requires the allocation of the revenue requirement to functions. Allocation to the functions was performed as follows:

- 1) In Chapter IV, O&M expenses and capital costs are forecasted by function: backbone, local transmission and high pressure distribution pipelines.
- 2) Based on the forecasted O&M and the capital expenditures, the annual revenue requirements by function is calculated as shown in Chapter IV.

Table 2 shows the initial forecasted revenue requirement by function.

TABLE 2
Forecasted 2019 PSEP Revenue Requirement By Function

| \$000's | SoCalGas | SDG&E | Total |
|----------------------------|----------|-------|----------|
| Backbone Transmission | \$38,874 | \$0 | \$38,874 |
| Local Transmission | \$4,319 | \$0 | \$4,319 |
| High Pressure Distribution | \$1,946 | \$0 | \$1,946 |
| Total \$000's | \$45,139 | \$0 | \$45,139 |

³ Chapter IV shows PSEP-related costs of \$6.8, \$0.8, and \$38.4 million (with FF&U) in 2017, 2018 and 2019, respectively, for a combined total \$46 million to be recovered in January 1, 2019 rates. While my Prepared Direct Testimony discusses the revenue requirement without FF&U, the illustrative rates in section V below include FF&U.

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In keeping with existing cost allocation practice, the combined SoCalGas and SDG&E local transmission costs are allocated between SoCalGas and SDG&E as part of integration of transmission system costs.⁴ Local Transmission integration is shown in Table 3 below.

TABLE 3 Integrated Local Transmission between SoCalGas and SDG&E

| \$000's | SoCalGas | SDG&E | Total |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|---------|
| Allocation before integration | \$4,319 | | |
| Integration factor | 87% | 13% | 100% |
| Integrated Local Transmission | \$3,758 | \$562 | \$4,319 |

Table 4 summarizes the final step in the allocation of the PSEP forecasted revenue

requirement into the three functions. These are the revenue requirements by function to be

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TABLE 4 Forecasted 2019 Revenue Requirement by Function Post Integration

| \$000's | SoCalGas | SDG&E | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------|----------|
| Backbone Transmission | \$38,874 | \$0 | \$38,874 |
| Local Transmission | \$3,758 | \$562 | \$4,319 |
| High Pressure Distribution: | \$1,946 | \$0 | \$1,946 |
| Total \$000's | \$44,578 | \$562 | \$45,139 |

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V. ILLUSTRATIVE RATE IMPACT

recovered in transportation rates over a 12-month period.

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Table 5 shows the derived illustrative rates when the allocation methods depicted in Table 1 are applied to the functionalized revenue requirements in Table 4. The backbone transmission service rate is for transportation service from receipt points to the SoCalGas City Gate. All other listed transportation rates are for services from City Gate to end-use customers' meters. For core customers of SoCalGas and SDG&E, the backbone transmission service rate is

⁴ This integration reflects the splitting of total local transmission costs between the utilities by the % share of cold-year throughput (87% SCG and 13% SDG&E), similar to the treatment of the Integrated Transmission Balance Account (ITBA).

embedded in both the gas procurement tariff rate and the residential bill impact shown in

Table 5.

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| Table 5 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| Illustrative Transportation Rates | | | | |
| \$/therm except as noted | | | | |
| | 1/1/2017 | Proposed | Increase | % |
| \$/therm except as noted | Rates | Rates | (decrease) | change |
| SCG Summary | | | | |
| Core Rates | | | | |
| Residential | \$0.722 | \$0.723 | \$0.001 | 0.2% |
| Residential class average bill \$/month | \$41.16 | \$41.35 | \$0.19 | 0.5% |
| Core C&I | \$0.296 | \$0.297 | \$0.001 | 0.3% |
| NGV (uncompressed) | \$0.135 | \$0.136 | \$0.001 | 0.4% |
| NonCore Distribution Level Service Rates | | | | |
| C&I Rate | \$0.070 | \$0.071 | \$0.001 | 0.8% |
| Electric Generation Tier 1 | \$0.116 | \$0.116 | \$0.001 | 0.5% |
| Electric Generation Tier 2 | \$0.045 | \$0.046 | \$0.001 | 1.1% |
| NonCore Transmission Level Service Rates | | | | |
| C&I Rate (w/ csitma & CARB Fee adders) | \$0.020 | \$0.021 | \$0.000 | 1.8% |
| Electric Generation Rate (w/CARB Fee) | \$0.016 | \$0.016 | \$0.000 | 2.3% |
| Backbone Transmission Service \$/dth/day | \$0.321 | \$0.364 | \$0.043 | 13.4% |
| Revenue Requirement \$ millions | \$2,548 | \$2,593 | \$45 | 1.8% |
| CARB Fee Credit \$/therm | (\$0.0009) | (\$0.0009) | \$0.0000 | 0.0% |
| SDG&E Summary | | | | |
| Core Rates | | | | |
| Residential | \$0.962 | \$0.962 | \$0.001 | 0.1% |
| Residential class average bill \$/month | \$37.07 | \$37.19 | \$0.12 | 0.3% |
| Core C&I | \$0.372 | \$0.373 | \$0.000 | 0.1% |
| NGV (uncompressed) | \$0.133 | \$0.133 | \$0.001 | 0.4% |
| NonCore Distribution Level Service Rates | | | | |
| C&I Rate | \$0.092 | \$0.092 | \$0.000 | 0.4% |
| Electric Generation Tier 1 | \$0.116 | \$0.117 | \$0.001 | 0.5% |
| Electric Generation Tier 2 | \$0.045 | \$0.046 | \$0.001 | 1.1% |
| NonCore Transmission Level Service Rates | * | * | • | |
| C&I Rate (w/ csitma & CARB Fee adders) | \$0.017 | \$0.018 | \$0.000 | 2.1% |
| Electric Generation Rate (w/CARB Fee) | \$0.016 | \$0.016 | \$0.000 | 2.3% |
| Revenue Requirement \$ millions | \$396 | \$397 | \$1 | 0.1% |
| CARB Fee Credit \$/therm | (\$0.001) | (\$0.001) | \$0.000 | 0.0% |

VI. WITNESS QUALIFICATIONS

My name is Iftekharul (Sharim) Bar Chaudhury. I am employed by SoCalGas and SDG&E as the Rate Design and Demand Forecasting Manager within the Regulatory Affairs Department, which supports gas regulatory activities of both SoCalGas and SDG&E. My business address is 555 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, California, 90013-1011. I hold a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Illinois State University. I received my Masters and Ph.D. degrees in Economics from the University of California, San Diego.

I have held my current position managing the rates group since August 2014, and have been managing the demand forecasting group since April 2013. Prior to joining SoCalGas, I worked at Southern California Edison Company from June 1999 to March 2013, holding several positions of increasing responsibility, from Senior Analyst to Manager of Price Forecasting to Manager of Long-Term Demand Forecasting. From October 1998 to May 1999, I worked at National Economic Research Associates (NERA) as a Senior Consultant. Prior to joining NERA, I worked at SoCalGas from 1991 to 1998, holding several positions of increasing responsibility, starting as Marketing Analyst to Senior Economist in the Rate Design group to Manager of Rate Design. I also worked for about a year at the California Energy Commission (CEC) in the Demand Analysis Office.

This concludes my testimony.

I have previously testified before the Commission.