Greenhouse Gases and Mandatory Reporting December 11, 2008 Judy B. Yorke, P.E., C.P.P.



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Ph. 949 248-8490 Fax 949 248-8499 AB32 Requires the CA Air Resources Board (CARB) to:

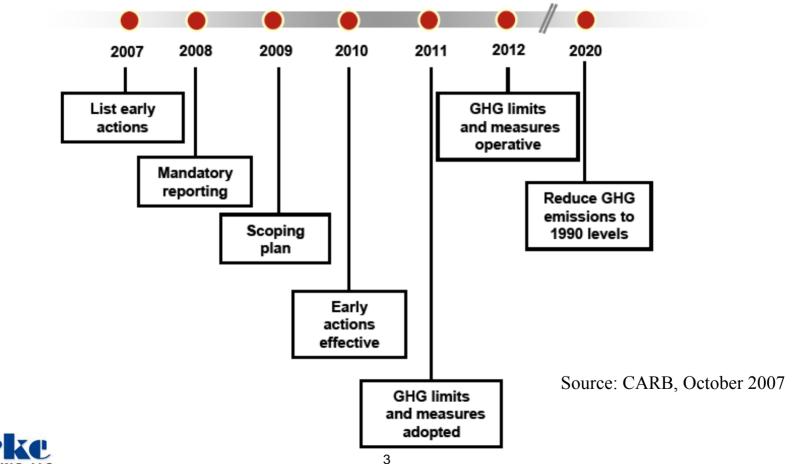
Establish a statewide GHG Emissions Cap for 2020, based on 1990 emissions by January 1, 2008

Adopt mandatory Reporting Rules for significant sources of greenhouse gases by January 1, 2008



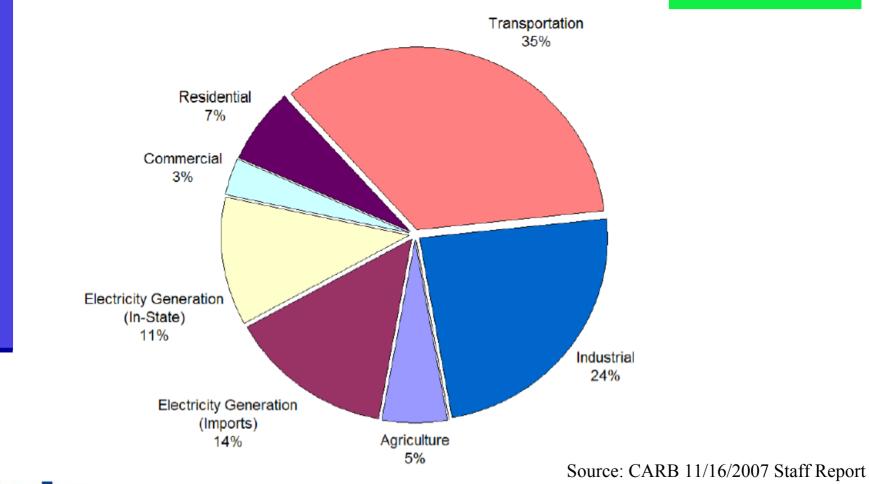
### AB 32's Schedule

Figure 1. Comprehensive Multiyear Program Established by AB 32



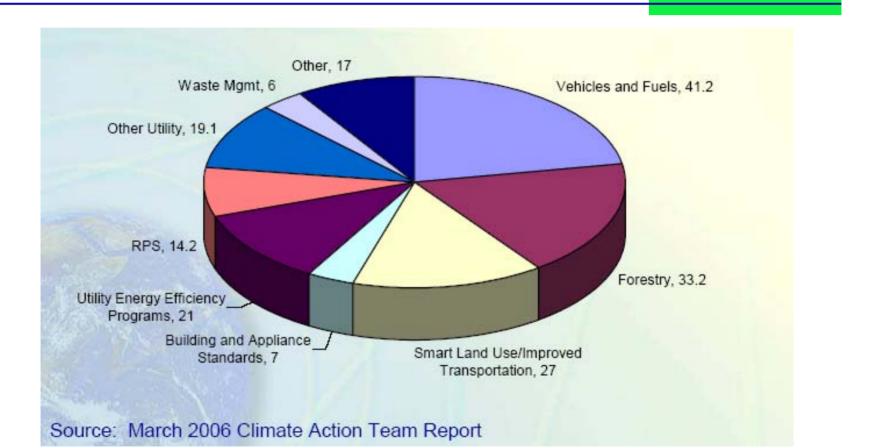


### CA's GHG Emissions, 1990 Inventory (427 MMTCO2e Net Emissions)





### Sources of Potential Reductions



From: CARB Briefing, 1/07 AB32 Workshop (RPS = Renewable Portfolio Standard, CPUC)



# Mandatory Reporting Principles

#### Facility-based reporting:

- Cement Plants, Power Plants, Cogeneration, Refineries, Hydrogen Plants, Large Combustion
- Broader requirements for Electric Power Sector:
  - Retail Providers, Marketers
- Third Party Verification:
  - Annual or triennial as specified



# Mandatory Reporting Principles

- Report specified stationary combustion, process, and fugitive emissions
- Report fuel use and indirect energy use:Electricity,
  - Steam, etc.
- Electricity transactions in power sector
- Six Kyoto gases as required
- Fuel testing, default factors, emissions monitoring specified by sector and process



## Mandatory Reporting Summary

- Reporting begins in 2009 (for 2008 emission year)
- Verification begins in 2010
- First reports can use best available emissions information
- 2010 (i.e., 2009 reporting year) and future reports must use methods specified in regulation



### Process to Ensure Available Verifiers

- Third-party verifiers are consistent with existing GHG programs to ensure data integrity
- Welcome air districts and private consultants to act as verifiers
- Provides larger pool of qualified verifiers
- Provide choice to operators





## De Minimus Sources

- Proposal allows designation of small discrete sources as de minimis
- Up to 3 percent of facility CO2e emissions, not to exceed 20,000 MT emissions



Emissions are still reported but may be estimated through simpler methods



### Mobile Sources

- Operator <u>may elect</u> to include GHG emissions from mobile combustion
- Mobile source reporting and reduction needs will be reviewed in context of scoping plan







### **Default Factors**

- Appendix A provides default factors where use is specified
- Default factors are not always allowed!



Option to develop source-specific emission factors



### **Regulation Schedule**

- Adoption with changes proposed, December 6<sup>th</sup> 2007
- 15-Day notice with changes
- Begin with sources contributing the most to statewide emissions
- Account for all electricity consumed, including imports
- Use CCAR protocols as appropriate



## **Reporting Process**

#### Reporting

Operator submits required data to ARB each year by reporting deadline

### Verification

- Verification team conducts verification when required and submits:
  - Detailed verification report to operator
  - Verification opinion to operator and ARB by verification deadline



## **Regulation Organization**

- Applicability Who has to report
- Subarticle 1–General Requirements
  - Definitions
  - General reporting requirements
  - Reporting and verification schedule
  - Record keeping, confidentiality, enforcement
- Subarticle 2 Sector Specific Requirements
  - Cement, electric generating, retail providers, cogeneration, refineries, hydrogen plants, large stationary combustion sources



## Regulation Organization (Cont)

- Subarticle 3– Calculation Methods for Multiple Sectors
  - CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from combustion using emission factors, heat content, carbon content, CEMS, etc.
  - $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  emissions
  - Indirect energy use Electricity, Cooling, Steam, etc.
- Subarticle 4 Verification Requirements
  - Appendix Compendium of Emission Factors for reporting



### **General Requirements**

- Annual reporting for each facility or entity subject to regulation
- The operator party with "operational control" has reporting responsibility
- Report emissions for specified facility sources and gases by fuel type
   Additional data as specified



# Applicability

#### Cement plants

- Oil refineries  $\geq 25,000 \text{ MT CO}_2/\text{yr}$ , combustion and process emissions
- Hydrogen plants  $\geq$  25,000 MT CO<sub>2</sub>/yr
- Electric generating facilities\* and electric retail providers
- Cogeneration facilities\*
- Stationary combustion sources emitting  $\geq$  25,000 MT CO<sub>2</sub>/yr

94% of point
source CO2 emissions

\*  $\geq$  1 MW and emit  $\geq$  2,500 Metric Tons (MT) CO<sub>2</sub>



## Reporting Not Required For

 Reporting not required for backup or emergency generators
 As designated in Air District permit

 Reporting not required for "portable equipment"
 Ac defined in CA Code of



As defined in CA Code of Regulations



## **Reporting Schedule**

- Reporting required by April 1 for general stationary combustion, electric generating and cogeneration facilities (Verification complete by October 1)
- Reporting required by June 1 for retail providers, merketers, oil and gas producers, cement plants, refineries, etc. (Verification complete by December 1)

...but review the rule specifically for your facility, and look for changes!



## Additional Reporting Methods

- Fuel analysis data capture, measurement requirements
- Choose fuel-based or CEMS method and stay with it
- New CEMS for reporting to be operational by Jan 2011
- Options to develop source-specific emission factors under supervision of air districts or ARB
  - CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O for all facilities; CO<sub>2</sub> for biomass, municipal solid waste, geothermal



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# Appendix A: EFs and Methods

- Unit conversions
- Global warming potentials
- Method for approximating emissions based on amount of fuel used
- Emission Factors
- EPA method for determining emissions of high global warming potential compounds



### Example CO<sub>2</sub> Emission Calculation

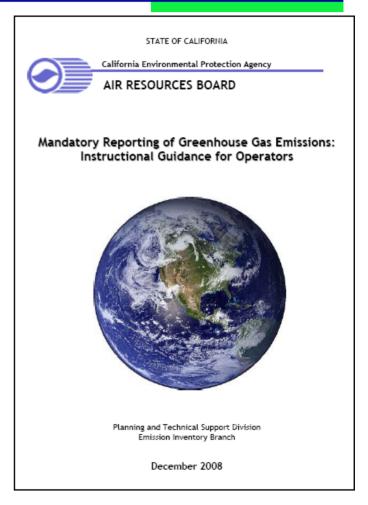
N.G. Fuel Combustion	Total	CO2e Emissions* Metric Tons
Natural Gas (MMscf)	450	
Natural Gas** (MMBtu)	450,000	23,873
Grand Total Emissions		23,873 MT

\* Emission Factor: 53.02 Kg CO<sub>2</sub>/MMBtu Natural Gas Combustion
 \*\* Assumes Higher Heating Value (HHV) = 1,000Btu/scf



### Instructional Guidance for Operators

New Guidance Available (12/2/08): http://www.arb.ca.gov /cc/reporting/ghgrep/ghg-rep-guid/ghgrep-guid.htm





### **Resources and More Information**

CARB: <u>http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/cc.htm</u>

CARB Mandatory Reporting:

http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/reporting/ghg-rep/ghg-rep.htm

Calif. Climate Action Registry:

http://www.climateregistry.org/

CARB/Mobil Sources:

http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/ccms/ccms.htm

