Near Zero Emissions

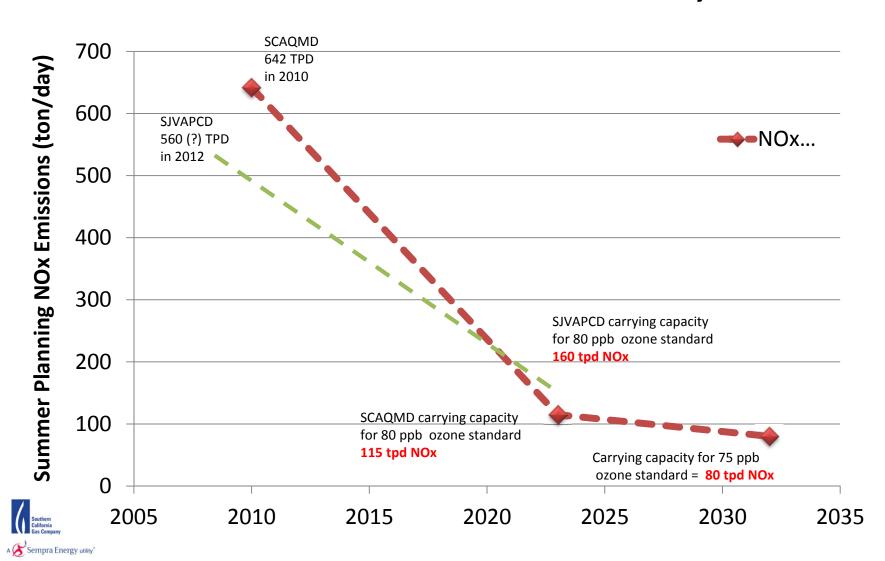
Engine Technologies For Heavy Duty Transportation

Cherif Youssef Technology Development Manager

Engine Webinar June 12, 2013



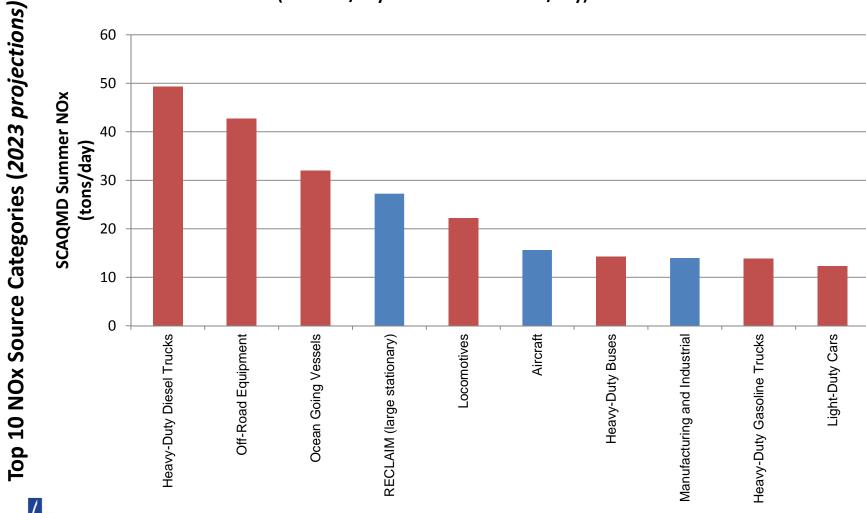
LA Basin and San Joaquin Valley Need More Emission Reductions, Sooner



Mobile Sources with Good Potential for Conversion to NG

(in red)

(298 tons/day out of total 319 tons/day)



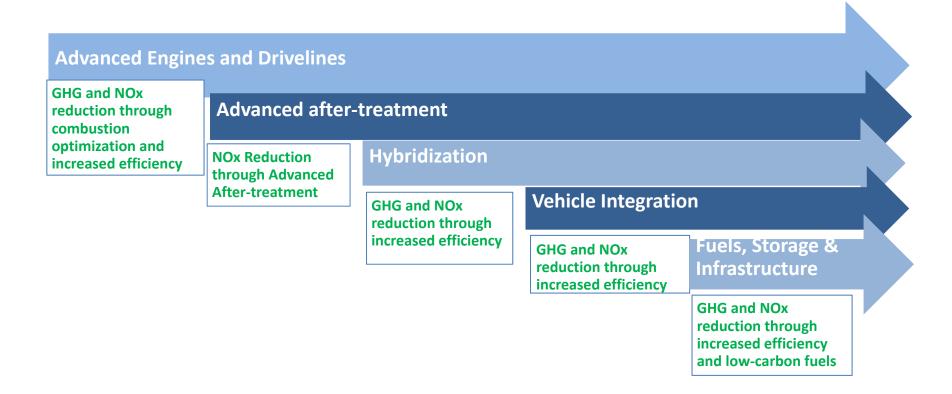


Five Strategies for Emission Reductions

Goals

NOx: Reduce to ZE-equivalent ~ 90% below EPA 2010/Tier 4

GHGs: Reduce to 2050 goals ~ 80% below current levels





Technology Advancements to Reduce Emissions and Increase Engine Efficiency

Goals

NOx: Reduce from 0.2 Gr/Bhp-Hr to 0.02 Gr/Bhp-Hr

Increase Thermal Engine Efficiency From ~35 to 50%

Advanced Engines

- •New or enhanced combustion strategies
- Optimized Compression Ratios
- On BoardDiagnostics
- AdvancedSensors/Controls
- Innovative and Advanced Cycles Atkinson/Miller
- •Waste Heat Recovery
- •Camless Engine & HCCI
- Multi Port Injection

Advanced AfterTreatment

- •Enhanced 3-way Catalyst
- •Lean burn + SCR
- •Rich burn + NSCR + EGR
- •Lean burn + SCR + Oxidation Catalyst
- •Lean burn + Lean NOx Trap (LNT)
- Advanced control+Low speed Preignition

Hybridization

- •Various drive-train configurations to capture waste energy to "assist" the primary drive
- Hydraulic hybrid
- Battery-Electric
- •Advanced Plug-in range extender (FC, turbines)
- •Dual Mode Catenary hybrid
- •Fuel Cell hybrid

Vehicle Integration

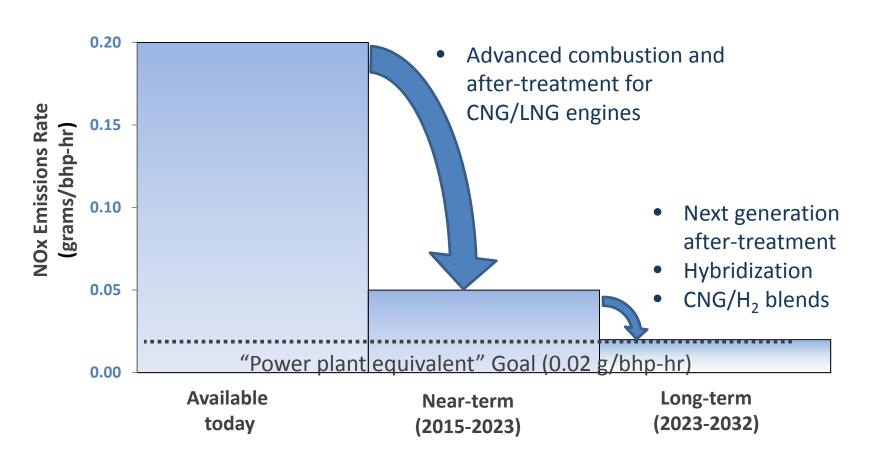
- •Incremental improvements to known strategies
- Aerodynamics
- Weight reduction
- •Tire rolling resistance reduction
- •Friction & Parasitic reduction

Fuels, Storage & Infrastructure

- •RNG from organic waste, dedicated crops or sunlight
- •CNG Hydrogen blending
- •Improved compression technology
- Low pressure storage



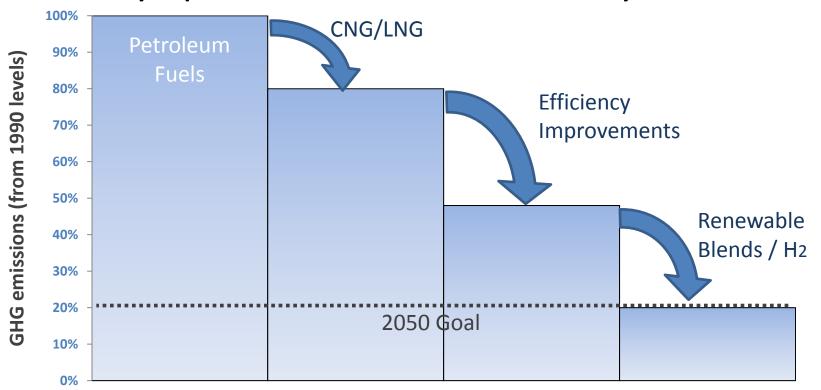
Multiple Strategies to Address NOx Emission Reductions





Similar Technology Strategies Can Reduce GHG Emissions

Efficiency Improvements and Renewables Availability Increase Over Time





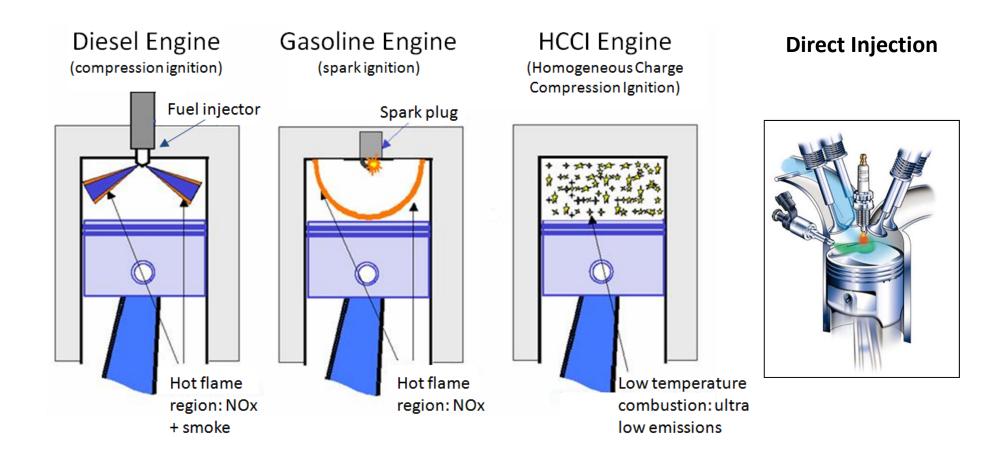
Engine Technology Advancements

- Advanced Combustion IC Engine
 - Spark Ignition
 - Compression Ignition
 - Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition (HCCI)
 - Direct Injection (DI)
 - Low Peak Temperature Combustion (LPTC)
 - Camless Engine (Electronic Valve Timing)
 - Sensors & Controls
- Advanced Turbines

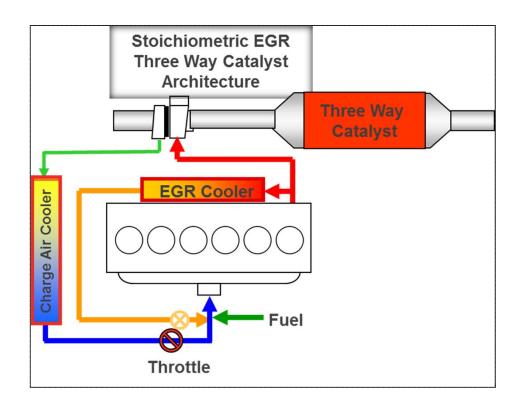


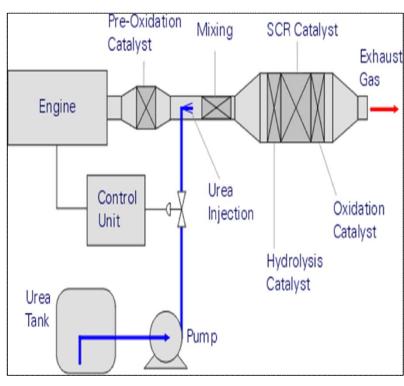


Various Types of Engine Ignitions



Engine Controls and Exhaust Treatment



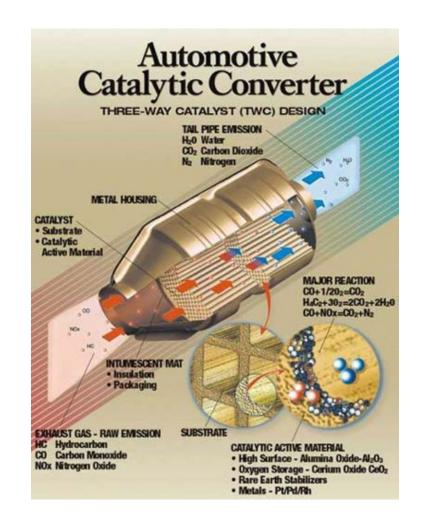


Stoichiometric Engine + NSCR (TWC) + EGR

Lean Burn + SCR + Ammonia/Urea

Other Technology Advancements

- Advanced After Treatment
 - Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)
 - Non-Selective Catalytic Reduction (NSCR)
 - Lean NOx Catalyst (LNC)
- Waste Heat Recovery
 - Bottoming Cycle
- Hybridization
- Renewable Natural Gas



Next Generation Refuse/Transit

Project Overview

- Develop dedicated natural gas engine with near zero emissions without sacrificing performance or efficiency compared to 2010 engine standards
- Doosan and SWRI are the technical leads
- On-road testing to begin late 2014 plan to test 3 vehicles

Potential Benefits:

- 75%+ reduction in NOx emissions
- Similar efficiency and cost to diesel alternatives

Goals & Targets

- Modify 11L 340hp Doosan engine (conversion from lean burn w/SCR)
- Stoichiometric operation, TWC, Cool EGR
- Advanced ignition system for highly dilute mixtures
- Optimized in-cylinder turbulence & High efficiency turbo matching
- Advanced control for knock and misfire detection

Partners

CEC, DOE, SCAQMD and SWRI





Low Emission Turbine Drive

Project Overview

- Demonstrate near-zero emissions dual liquid/natural gas combustor for existing 350 kW gas turbine engine designed for Class-8 trucks
- Brayton Energy, Kenworth & FedEX -- develop a Class 8
 MT dual fuel truck



- Near-zero emissions (75% NOx improvement)
 NOx < 0.05 g/bhp/hr, CO< 0.02 g/bhp/hr
- Fuel flexibility
- Improved efficiency from advanced turbine design

Goals & Targets

- Testing of turbine in truck chassis is schedule for late 2013
- First chassis dynamometer runs expected in July 2013
- FedEX will receive the CNG-only truck (made by Kenworth) in late 2013 and operate in 2014 in CA

Partners

CEC, DOE and Brayton Energy









US Hybrid: Plug-in Hybrid Natural Gas Drayage Truck Demonstration

Project Overview

- Demo of 80,000 GVWR Nat Gas Plug-in Hybrid Truck
- Utilizes ISL-G (8.9 L) CARB certified engine and 100 kWh Lilon Battery-Pack

Potential Benefits

- Eliminates frequent periods of idling typical at Port facilities where drayage trucks often queue for long periods.
- Hybrid truck will operate in electric mode (EV mode) around 25% of time (30 miles) in charge depletion mode, then in hybrid mode with sustaining charge.
- No limitation of the range and usage and will have higher number of operating hours than a diesel truck.

Goals & Targets

- Target of 30% fuel reduction due to HEV operation
- Out-perform strict CARB emission standards

Partners

CEC, US Hybrid, GTI and Freightliner









RFP to Develop & Demonstrate Near Zero Emissions HD Engines

- SoCalGas, CEC, SCAQMD and SJVAPCD are partnering to fund On-Road Heavy-Duty Development, Integration, and Demonstration of Ultra-Low Emission Natural Gas Engines.
- The RFP emissions targets are:
 - 0.02 grams per brake horsepower-hr (g/bhp-hr) NOx
 - 0.01 g/bhp-hr particulate matter (PM)
 - 0.14 g/bhp-hr hydrocarbon (HC)
 - 15.5 g/bhp-hr carbon monoxide (CO)
- Proposal are due July 24, 2013
- http://www.aqmd.gov/rfp/index.html (RFP P2013-22)



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