Application of SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY (U 904 G) to Establish a Demand Response Program

Application 18-11-005 (Filed November 6, 2018)

# **CHAPTER 8**

#### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY DEMAND RESPONSE PROGRAM

#### PREPARED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

#### PAUL D. BORKOVICH

# **ON BEHALF OF**

# SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

April 26, 2019

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### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF PAUL D. BORKOVICH**

#### I. **INTRODUCTION**

Pursuant to the Assigned Commissioner's Scoping Memorandum and Ruling issued on 3 February 15, 2019, Southern California Gas Company ("SoCalGas") hereby submits Rebuttal 4 Testimony in response to the direct testimony filed on March 26, 2019 by the Public Advocates 5 6 Office ("CalPA"), Small Business Utility Advocates ("SBUA"), Nest Labs ("Nest"), and EnergyHub. 7 П. THE COMMISSION HAS EXPRESSED THE NEED FOR GAS DEMAND 8 **RESPONSE PROGRAMS TO MINIMIZE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SERVICE** 9 **OUTAGES CAUSED BY GAS CURTAILMENTS** 10 Chapter 1 of CalPA's Direct Testimony states that SoCalGas' Supplemental Testimony "fails to address the primary question of whether a natural gas DR program is needed."<sup>1</sup> The 12 following is submitted to describe the California Public Utilities' Commission ("CPUC" or 13

14 "Commission")'s efforts to explore the potential of Gas Demand Response ("DR") programs to

impact the gas system during times of system stress. 15

The Gas DR programs attempt to address the need to reduce the possibility of gas curtailments large enough to cause electricity service interruptions. Gas DR programs can be implemented in an effort to reduce the number of required curtailments, as well as to reduce the amount of dispatchable electric generation load that would otherwise have to be curtailed to maintain system integrity.

The need for Gas DR programs for the SoCalGas system was first identified in the August 22, 2016 Aliso Canyon Gas and Electric Reliability Winter Action Plan ("2016 Winter Action Plan") prepared by CPUC staff, California Energy Commission ("CEC"), the California

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Direct Testimony of Alexander Cole on behalf of the Public Advocates Office, pp. 1-2.

Independent System Operator ("CAISO"), and the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ("LADWP") ("2016 Winter Action Plan").<sup>2</sup>

The 2016 Winter Action Plan cited the operational limitations of the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility ("Aliso Canyon") in effect at that time "intensified the challenge of assuring the supply of electricity that lights homes and powers appliances, as well as natural gas that provides heat and is used for cooking."<sup>3</sup> The 2016 Winter Action Plan identified that "if balancing authorities (CAISO and LADWP) have no natural gas owing to a gas curtailment, they could "shed load", which would result in curtailing electricity service to meet the (balancing authorities) reserve requirement."<sup>4</sup> The 2016 Winter Action Plan identified ten new measures, including Gas DR Programs, "to reduce, but not eliminate, the possibility of gas curtailments large enough to cause electricity service interruptions this winter."<sup>5</sup>

On September 13, 2016 SoCalGas was directed by the Commission's Director, Energy Division to develop and submit demand response program proposals "to incent reductions in gas consumption on peak days when its system reliability is anticipated to be stressed." Thus, began the process involving advice letters, Commission Resolutions, and further direction from the Energy Division Director that led to the development of the natural gas demand response programs that are proposed in this application.

Pursuant to Rule 23, SoCalGas curtailment rules prioritize residential and small commercial customers (core load) ahead of dispatchable electric generators, large commercial and industrial loads, large cogenerators, and refinery loads (noncore load). Rule 23 places

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Aliso Canyon Gas and Electric Reliability Winter Action Plan (updated September 1, 2016). Available at <u>https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/getdocument.aspx?tn=213406</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 2016 Winter Action Plan, p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 2016 Winter Action Plan, p. 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 2016 Winter Action Plan, p. 5.

dispatchable electric generation customers at the lowest priority for gas service among noncore
 customers.

Curtailment procedures first prevent the dispatch of electric generation not forecasted to be operating at the time the curtailment order is effective followed next by the curtailment of up to 60% of the dispatched electric generation gas load during the winter season (November through March) and 40% of the dispatched electric generation gas load during the summer season (April through October).

Dispatchable electric generation customers are ideally suited to quickly comply with curtailment orders when natural gas system integrity is threatened due to their relatively large loads and dispatchability. Higher priority noncore loads are inherently less suited to respond to curtailment orders since, typically, most are not subject to dispatch as part of their normal business operation nor do they maintain alternate fuel capability to allow their operation to continue while subject to a curtailment order.

Development of Gas DR programs will help determine if it is possible and economically practicable to create a new class of dispatchable natural gas load on the SoCalGas system based on shifting or reducing demand on the gas system during times of system stress. These programs are primarily envisioned for dispatch during the November through March winter season whenever the systemwide curtailment of electric generation gas load is required, however, selected programs could be dispatched when practical during other times to reduce or shift demand when the system is under stress. Implementation of the proposed natural gas DR programs will assist in determining their potential to reduce the curtailment risk for electric generation gas loads required to maintain electric system integrity when the natural gas system is under stress and is consistent with direction from and need expressed by the Commission.

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This concludes my prepared rebuttal testimony.

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#### **III. QUALIFICATIONS**

My name is Paul D. Borkovich. My business address is 555 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, CA 90013-1011. I am employed by SoCalGas as the Energy Markets Segment Manager in the Capacity Products Support Department. My responsibilities are to manage transportation services provided to suppliers and marketers who provide gas to SDG&E and SoCalGas customers. I also manage the Backbone Transportation Service program, the California Energy Hub back office, policies and procedures for scheduling and nominations on the SDG&E and SoCalGas systems, daily operation and enhancements to SoCalGas' Electronic Bulletin Board, and all aspects of SoCalGas' and SDG&E's interconnect and operational balancing agreements with pipelines delivering natural gas into their integrated transmission system.

I have been employed by SoCalGas in numerous positions including: Capacity Projects Support Manager, Senior Accounts Manager, Project Manager, Market Strategy Manager, Senior Market Advisor, Gas Scheduling Manager, Regulatory Affairs Administrative Manager, Account Executive Supervisor, Account Executive, Market Analyst, and Energy Systems Engineer. I have been responsible for various aspects of utility operations, sales and marketing, regulatory matters, and customer relations.

I graduated in 1981 from University of California Santa Barbara with a Bachelor of
Science Degree in Mechanical Engineering and in 1985 from the University of Southern
California with a Master of Science Degree in Petroleum Engineering.

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I have previously testified before the California Public Utilities Commission.