Application: <u>A.25-05-XXX</u>

Exhibit No.: SCG-01
Witness: E. Goldman

# PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF EVAN GOLDMAN (CHAPTER 1 – OVERVIEW)

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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# Prepared Direct Testimony of Evan Goldman (Overview)

#### I. INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

The purpose of my direct testimony is to provide an overview of Southern California Gas Company's (SoCalGas) request to recover incremental operations and maintenance (O&M) costs associated with the Customer Information System (CIS) Replacement Project. The CIS Replacement Project is currently in progress and is proceeding according to project timelines with a planned go-live in the third quarter (Q3) of 2026. SoCalGas is requesting recovery of \$24.9 million in O&M costs incremental to those approved in SoCalGas's Test Year (TY) 2024 General Rate Case (GRC) proceeding. The need for and prudence of these costs is discussed in more detail below and in accompanying testimonies.

SoCalGas's legacy CIS is a large-scale information technology system that was implemented decades ago and is rapidly approaching obsolescence. CIS is foundational to serving SoCalGas's 5.9 million accounts and over 21 million customers. CIS supports SoCalGas's critical customer service business processes and customer engagement functions, including: calculating and generating over 70 million bills per year; processing 55 million annual payments; supporting more than 12 million customer interactions (*e.g.*, phone, web, branch office); and managing credit, collections, and account receivables. CIS also supports meter data; service orders; account management and customer care; rates and programs; and customer information. The obsolete technology of the legacy CIS is difficult to maintain and enhance, and overdue for replacement.<sup>2</sup>

As part of its TY 2024 GRC application, SoCalGas requested permission to recover costs associated with the CIS Replacement Project. This request included \$20.247 million for TY 2024 O&M services activities associated with the project.<sup>3</sup> In Decision (D.) 24-12-074, the Commission approved the project but instead adopted \$10 million as the TY 2024 O&M cost

Decision (D.) 24-12-074 at 505.

Application (A.) 22-05-015, Prepared Direct Testimony of Evan D. Goldman (Exhibit (Ex.) SCG-13) at ii, available at: <a href="https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-13">https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-13</a> Direct Testimony of Evan Goldman CIS Replacement Program.pdf.

This amounts to a request of \$80.988 million over the GRC period (2024-2027).

estimate for the CIS Replacement Project.<sup>4</sup> The Commission also provided that SoCalGas could submit a separate application to recover expected costs that exceed those authorized in the decision.<sup>5</sup>

CIS Replacement Project costs will exceed what was authorized in D.24-12-074. Accordingly, SoCalGas is filing this application to recover an additional \$24.9 million in O&M costs associated with its CIS Replacement Project. These incremental costs are necessary to complete the CIS Replacement Project, and they are crucial to the execution of training, change management, and decommissioning activities. As discussed below, in the absence of incremental funding, SoCalGas will be unable to adequately support the implementation of the new CIS which increases the potential that employees are unable to serve customers without disruption and increases the risk of billing, reporting, or other errors.

SoCalGas also requests authority to establish a two-way balancing account to balance any changes between actual costs and the forecasted \$24.9 million in incremental O&M costs sought in this application. My testimony will review SoCalGas's initial request for the CIS Replacement Project in its TY 2024 GRC and the resulting Commission decision. I will then outline the necessity of this application and the request for incremental O&M costs for the project, detailing the activities that SoCalGas will be performing. I will also discuss why the requested costs should be recovered in the 2024-2027 GRC period.

#### II. BACKGROUND

#### A. Importance of Implementing a NEW CIS

In the TY 2024 GRC, I provided testimony detailing SoCalGas's plan to replace its current legacy CIS and supporting subsystems.<sup>6</sup> My testimony addressed the importance of implementing a new CIS, the risks associated with sustaining and modifying the existing CIS, the timing of CIS replacement, and the implementation cost and forecast.

In my GRC testimony, I described the challenges of maintaining the current CIS – including a lack of trained resources and lack of flexibility. At the time of the proposed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> D.24-12-074 at 503-504. This amounts to \$40 million over the GRC period (2024-2027).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id.* at 504 ("SoCalGas may submit a separate application if it expects costs to exceed what is authorized in this decision.")

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> A.22-05-015, Ex. SCG-13 (Goldman) at 5-9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Id.* at 2, 5.

implementation of the new CIS system, SoCalGas's legacy CIS will have been operating for over 30 years and will be based on technology that will be over 40 years old. CIS is the critical and foundational information technology system facilitating core customer service transactions and account management for SoCalGas's customers. CIS manages essential functions including billing calculations, payment processing, and credit and collections activity. It is the primary system used by Customer Services Representatives (CSRs) when interacting with customers, and it provides the underlying data and information to support the Company's Interactive Voice Response (IVR) and Digital channels ("My Account"). Over the decades since implementation, the legacy CIS has become increasingly complex and difficult to support as it has been continuously modified to meet evolving regulatory, legislative, customer, and business driven changes.<sup>8</sup>

A new CIS will allow SoCalGas to more efficiently implement new regulatory, legislative, and business driven requirements. SoCalGas and its customers will also benefit from continuous innovation, enhancements, and support inherent to modern packaged software solutions. In addition, implementing a new CIS on a modern, widely used software platform will increase the pool of resources with the technology and business skills to support future development and operations.

My GRC testimony also detailed the process SoCalGas engaged in to determine a CIS solution, the timing of CIS replacement, and the scope, implementation plan, and costs of implementing the chosen solution, including a description of the business processes and systems impacted by the project, along with a summary of the phases of the project and the activities to be completed within each phase. SoCalGas's GRC request included a request for the Commission to adopt a forecast of \$20.247 million for TY 2024 for O&M services activities for SoCalGas's CIS Replacement Project. This request was based on a normalization of the total O&M project costs over the four years of the TY 2024 GRC period (2024 – 2027). Total O&M costs over these four years were forecasted at \$80.988 million and thus SoCalGas requested a normalized \$20.247 million in O&M each year of the GRC period. 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> *Id.* at 3, 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Id.* at 13-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Id.* at 19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> *Id*.

#### B. Party Positions in the TY 2024 GRC

In the TY 2024 GRC, the California Public Utilities Commission's (CPUC) Public Advocates Office (Cal Advocates), The Utility Reform Network (TURN), and Southern California Generation Coalition (SCGC) were the only intervenors who submitted testimony on the CIS Replacement Project. No parties opposed the project as a whole or disputed that the project was necessary. In addition, no party disputed the validity of SoCalGas's cost forecasts for the activities described in testimony. Rather, parties' comments concerned the timing of cost recovery. Cal Advocates expressed concerns regarding SoCalGas's proposal to normalize and recover all projected O&M costs of the CIS Replacement Project within the 2024-2027 GRC period and proposed an alternative O&M cost forecast. Specifically, Cal Advocates' proposal for O&M costs utilized only O&M costs for the first phase of the CIS Replacement Program to estimate TY 2024 O&S expenses. 13

As provided for in my GRC rebuttal testimony, the CIS Replacement Program has a fixed duration with variable costs in each year of its implementation. Authorizing only costs associated with activities that occur in the Test Year underestimates the true cost of the project and places successful completion of the project at risk.<sup>14</sup>

#### C. GRC Decision

The Commission, in D.24-12-074, concluded that SoCalGas's CIS Replacement Project was warranted and reasonable. For O&M costs, D.24-12-074 authorizes TY 2024 recovery of \$10 million. The Commission reasoned that the project's timeline might extend past the GRC period in the event of delays and that, in the event of a delay, authorizing SoCalGas's recovery of \$20.247 million in TY 2024 O&M could constitute "burdening the ratepayers with inflated costs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> A.22-05-015, Cal Advocates Opening Brief at 197-200.

Id. at 198; see also Workpaper to Prepared Direct Testimony of Evan D. Goldman (Ex. SCG-13-WP2E) at 12, available at: <a href="https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-13-WP">https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-13-WP</a> Evan Goldman-Customer Information System Replacement Program.pdf.

A.22-05-015, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony of Evan D. Goldman (Ex. SCG-213) at 4-5, available at: <a href="https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-213">https://www.socalgas.com/sites/default/files/SCG-213</a> Rebuttal Testimony of Evan D Goldman%20-%20Customer Information System Replacement Program 3471 3472.pdf.

The GRC Decision sets the revenue requirement for the Test Year. That amount is then carried over to the remaining years in the GRC period, called the Post-Test years, which also have an authorized attrition mechanism adopted by the Commission.

in this rate case cycle." <sup>16</sup> The Commission also looked to costs spent on CIS Replacement Program *pre-planning* in 2022 and reasoned that because they were significantly lower than SoCalGas's TY 2024 request, a "more balanced approach" was justified. <sup>17</sup> However, costs spent on CIS Replacement Program pre planning are distinct from the costs necessary to implement the project. These costs should not be used as a means to predict costs for actual implementation of the project.

The Commission in D.24-12-074 recognized that the actual costs of the CIS Replacement Project may surpass those authorized and allowed SoCalGas to "submit a separate application if it expects costs to exceed what is authorized in this decision." <sup>18</sup>

#### III. THE NECESSITY OF INCREMENTAL FUNDING

SoCalGas is requesting incremental funding in the amount of \$24.9 million via this application to continue the advancement of the CIS Replacement Project. As the Commission recognized might be a possibility in D.24-12-074, SoCalGas expects costs to exceed what was authorized in that decision.

#### A. Activities Necessary for a Successful CIS Replacement

The costs sought in this application include those O&M costs that are anticipated to be incurred in the 2024-2027 GRC period and include SoCalGas labor, contractor labor, software, as well as other necessary project costs. In the absence of the incremental funding requested, SoCalGas will not be able to fully fund the CIS Replacement Project O&M activities, including training employees on the new CIS, surge staffing, change management, and decommissioning activities. The incompletion of training activities and a lack of surge staffing resources will result in a workforce inadequately trained on CIS for an extended period after it has been implemented, as well as understaffed business units before, during, and after the system is implemented. Business units affected would include the Customer Contact Center, Billing Operations, and Credit and Collections. This understaffing and incomplete training could ultimately lead to degradations in customer service and overall performance, including the potential for longer wait times to speak with Customer Service Representatives, slower resolutions to bill exceptions, decreased ability to meet reporting requirements, and lost

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> D.24-12-074 at 503.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> *Id.* at 504.

efficiency and the risk of errors as employees are unable to proficiently use the new CIS. Finally, if SoCalGas's legacy applications and systems are not properly decommissioned, SoCalGas risks being unable to make sure that legacy applications are properly shut down and archived and may incur unnecessary costs to license and maintain legacy systems.

Costs are discussed in more detail in the testimony of Witness April McAllaster. Ms. McAllaster's testimony will demonstrate that the cost forecasts included in this application are the result of extensive diligence and planning conducted by SoCalGas. These costs are essential to successfully complete the implementation of a project that is necessary, and which will benefit both SoCalGas and its customers.

# B. CIS Replacement Project Timeline

The CIS Replacement Project is currently on schedule. SoCalGas concluded preplanning<sup>19</sup> activities in the first quarter (Q1) of 2024 and formally kicked off the CIS
Replacement Project on April 1, 2024. The Project is progressing toward a planned go-live in
Q3 2026 with stabilization planned to conclude in 2027. In my GRC testimony I outlined the
five phases of the project, which are expected to occur over 39 months. The phases are: 1.
Plan/Analyze; 2. Design, Build, & Validate; 3. Test; 4. Deploy; and 5. Post Go-Live
Stabilization. As of the time of service of this testimony, SoCalGas has completed the
Plan/Analyze phase and is on track to complete the Design/Build/Validate phase in Q3 2025. It
is anticipated that all CIS Replacement Project activities will occur during the 2024-2027 GRC
period, meaning that all costs will also be incurred within that period. Thus, it is reasonable that
SoCalGas be allowed to recover the O&M costs for the CIS Replacement Project within the
2024-2027 GRC cycle. As further detailed in the testimony of Ms. McAllaster, the \$10 million
for TY 2024 approved for the project in D.24-12-074 is not enough to cover the costs of the total
project, making this application necessary and reasonable.

The pre-planning process and associated O&M expenses are necessary to prepare for the project, but they are distinct from the execution of the project. Pre-planning is a necessary step preceding any large platform implementation project, such as the CIS Replacement Program, to prepare to begin the project. During pre-planning, SoCalGas drafted an initial staffing model and implementation plan, and created a governance structure for the project. Pre-planning also involved developing and executing a sourcing, procurement, and contracting strategy for software and solution implementation services.

## C. Peer Benchmarking

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SoCalGas's O&M costs are reasonable and prudently incurred and are in line with the O&M costs of similar projects undertaken by SoCalGas's peer California investor-owned utilities. Table EG-1 below summarizes the approved O&M costs of similar projects at SoCalGas's peer utilities in California. Note that the costs of labor and non-labor resources have increased due to inflation and other factors since the timeframe when many of the projects conducted at peer utilities were undertaken.

Table EG-1: Peer Utility O&M Cost Benchmarking

Utility	Approved or Requested O&M Costs (\$M)	Application Year
Southern California Edison Company	\$61.6 <sup>20</sup>	2021
Pacific Gas & Electric Company	\$80.1 <sup>21</sup>	2024
San Diego Gas & Electric Company	\$65.8 <sup>22</sup>	2017
SoCalGas (Authorized)	\$46.9 <sup>23</sup>	2022
SoCalGas (Proposed)	\$71.0 <sup>24</sup>	2025

Southern California Edison Company (SCE) O&M costs include Track 1 and Track 2 direct costs. SeeD.22-09-015 and D.23-03-019. Table EG-1 reflects the SCE costs approved by the Commission. These costs have not been adjusted for inflation.

Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E) direct forecasted O&M expense of implementing C2M in PG&E's planned Billing Modernization Initiative;PG&E's total O&M forecast for its Billing Modernization Initiative is \$92.0 million. See A.24-10-014, Prepared Testimony on Description of Cost-Benefit Analysis, available at: <a href="https://pgera.azurewebsites.net/Regulation/ValidateDocAccess?docID=809581">https://pgera.azurewebsites.net/Regulation/ValidateDocAccess?docID=809581</a>. PG&E's request has not yet been approved. These costs have not been adjusted for inflation.

For San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) direct costs, *see* A.17-04-027, Joint Motion [of SDG&E, Cal Advocates, TURN, and Utility Consumers' Action Network (UCAN)] for Adoption of Settlement Agreement (January 25, 2018) and D.18-08-008. Table EG-1 reflects the costs approved by the Commission. These costs have not been adjusted for inflation.

Reflects imputed authorized costs in D.24-12-047, escalated according to adopted labor and non-labor escalation rates with the adopted attrition rate applied. *See* Direct Testimony of witness Rae Marie Yu, Chapter 3, for additional information.

Note that the \$71.0 million in direct costs are not loaded and escalated; SoCalGas's \$24.9 million in requested incremental funding reflects the difference between imputed authorized costs and the total loaded and escalated costs of the Project; the direct costs of the CIS Replacement Project are supported in the Direct Testimony of witness April McAllaster, Chapter 2.

#### IV. RECOVERY MECHANISM

SoCalGas recommends that the Commission authorize recovery in rates of \$24.9 million in O&M costs incremental to the \$10 million for TY 2024<sup>25</sup> authorized for the CIS Replacement Program in D.24-12-074. Additionally, SoCalGas recommends the Commission establish a two-way balancing account to balance any changes between actual costs and the forecasted \$24.9 million in incremental O&M costs sought in this application. Cost recovery is discussed in more detail in the Direct Testimony of witness Rae Marie Yu, Chapter 3.

#### V. CONCLUSION

SoCalGas respectfully requests that the Commission approve its request to recover \$24.9 million in incremental O&M costs associated with implementation of the Customer Information System Replacement Project. Approval of this application will allow SoCalGas to support the implementation of the CIS Replacement Project and meet the evolving needs of its business and its customers. Coupled with a two-way balancing account, SoCalGas's proposed recovery mechanism accommodates the potential for any cost fluctuations.

This amounts to \$46.9 million imputed authorized over the 2024-2027 GRC cycle.

### VI. QUALIFICATIONS

My name is Evan D. Goldman. I am employed by SoCalGas, and my current position is Director of the CIS Replacement Program, where I have overall responsibility for the delivery of the CIS Replacement Program. My business address is 555 West Fifth Street, Los Angeles, CA 90013. I have over 25 years of experience with utility customer service operations and technology. At SoCalGas I have held a variety of management positions in customer services, customer engagement, information technology, and regulatory affairs. Prior to joining SoCalGas, I was a management and technology consultant focusing on Customer Information Systems and customer service business processes for utility industry clients. I received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Economics from the University of California at Santa Barbara.

I have previously testified before the Commission.